

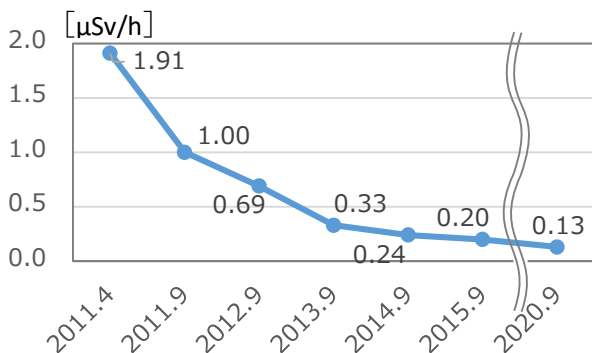
Status of Reconstruction from the Great East Japan Earthquake

Thanks to the efforts of residents in affected areas and domestic and international support, reconstruction in the affected regions has steadily advanced over the ten years since the disaster.

- On 11th March 2011, the earthquake and tsunami caused complex damage, including a nuclear power plant accident. The death toll came to 19,747 (including deaths related to the disaster) and 2,556 people remain missing.

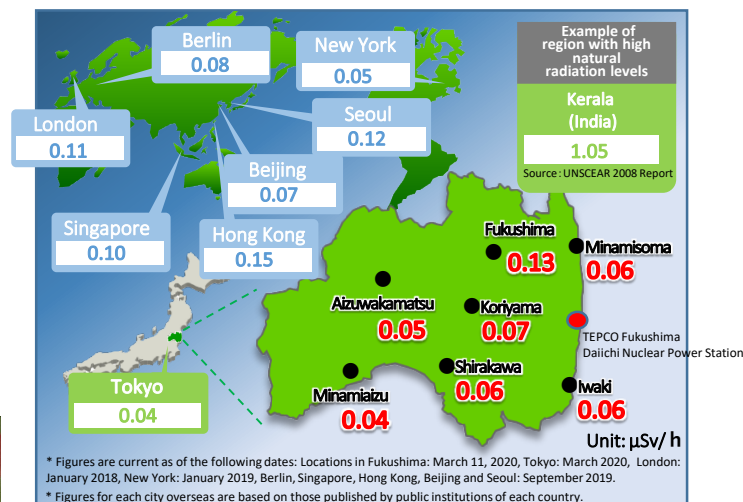
			Current status
People affected by the disaster	Number of evacuees	470,000 (Immediately after the disaster)	40,000 (July 2021)
	Number of people living in temporary housing	316,000 (April 2012 (maximum))	1,000 (July 2021)
Infrastructure	Reconstruction of roads	570km (Target roads to be reconstructed)	541km (95%) (July 2021)
Industries	Volume of shipments of manufactured products	10,764 billion yen (2010, before the disaster)	12,639 billion yen (117%) (2018)
	Area of land able to resume farming	19,690ha (Farming land affected by the tsunami)	18,560ha (94%) (January 2021)
Nuclear accident impact	Area under evacuation orders	1,150km² (12% of Fukushima Pref.) (August 2013 (maximum))	337km² (2.4% of Fukushima Pref.) (March 2020)

- The air dose rate in Fukushima City has **decreased significantly** compared with immediately after the disaster.



Source: Created by the Reconstruction Agency based on Fukushima Prefecture "Steps for Revitalization in Fukushima (30.1 Edition)"

- Air dose rates in locations in Fukushima Prefecture are **about the same level as major cities overseas**.



Source: Created by the Reconstruction Agency based on data from Fukushima Prefecture

- Some events at the Tokyo 2020 Olympic Games were held in Fukushima Prefecture.



@Tokyo 2020

Current status of TEPCO Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station



Before



Present



Visit by Prime Minister KISHIDA Fumio
in normal clothes (October 2021)

- The condition is stable. The amount of radioactive material released has been significantly reduced.
- Protective suits are no longer necessary for most workers and inspectors.
- The IAEA has been conducting reviews on decommissioning and the safety of ALPS treated water and others.
- No "contaminated water" which hasn't been purified shall be discharged from the TEPCO's Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station.

Ensuring food safety and peace of mind

- Japan conducts food tests with criteria that are stricter than international guidelines. If a product does not pass the tests, it will not be distributed to markets in Japan or overseas.
- Agricultural and fishery products are strictly monitored before shipping. The test results are published. In recent years, almost no items have exceeded the reference values.
- Most import restrictions imposed by other countries have been lifted or eased.

Types of measures and number of countries (regions)

Introduced import restrictions after the accident	Lifted all measures		41
	Import restrictions remaining	Ban on imports from certain areas	5
		Test certificate requirement for imports from all or some areas	9
55	14		

Source: Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries website

Hong Kong, China,
Taiwan, South Korea,
Macau

Check test results for agricultural and fishery products produced in Fukushima Prefecture here
<https://fukumegu.org/ok/contentsV2/>



Fukushima's popular products and travel destinations



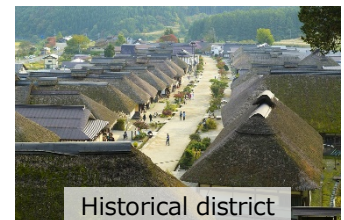
Tsuruga Castle in spring



Fukushima peaches



Fukushima sake



Historical district

**As shown, the reconstruction of Fukushima is steadily advancing.
Please inform the people of your country (region) of the above accurate information,
and visit Fukushima.**